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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 01/20/2004 10/759,093 SEC.889D Moon-hee Lee 6935 **EXAMINER** 20987 7590 09/08/2005 **VOLENTINE FRANCOS, & WHITT PLLC** KORNAKOV, MICHAIL ONE FREEDOM SQUARE ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 11951 FREEDOM DRIVE SUITE 1260 RESTON, VA 20190 1746

DATE MAILED: 09/08/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Applicat	ion No.	Applicant(s)	77	
		10/759,0	193	LEE ET AL.		
Office Action Summary		Examine	r	Art Unit		
		Michael I	Kornakov	1746		
Period for	The MAILING DATE of this commu Reply	nication appears on th	e cover sheet w	vith the correspondence a	ddress	
WHICH - Extensi after SI - If NO p - Failure Any rep	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD I IEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE I ons of time may be available under the provision X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this come eriod for reply is specified above, the maximum set to reply within the set or extended period for reply ly received by the Office later than three months patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DATE OF T is of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no e imunication. statutory period will apply and v ly will, by statute, cause the ap	HIS COMMUNI vent, however, may a will expire SIX (6) MOI plication to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this of BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status						
1)⊠ F	Responsive to communication(s) file	led on 20 June 2005				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	his action is FINAL .					
 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merit 						
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositio	n of Claims					
4)⊠ C)⊠ Claim(s) <u>22,24-26 and 28-39</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4:	4a) Of the above claim(s) 30-39 is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)□ C	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ C	☑ Claim(s) <u>22, 24-26,28,29</u> is/are rejected.					
7) 🗌 C	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)\(\overline{\o	Claim(s) <u>22,24-26, 28-39</u> are subje	ct to restriction and/or	election requir	rement.		
Applicatio	n Papers					
9)[] TI	ne specification is objected to by the	he Examiner.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
A	pplicant may not request that any obj	ection to the drawing(s)	be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
_ F	eplacement drawing sheet(s) including	ig the correction is requi	red if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).	
11)∐ T	ne oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner. N	ote the attache	d Office Action or form P	TO-152.	
Priority un	der 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a) <u></u>	cknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority			§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
2	. Certified copies of the priority			Application No		
3	. Copies of the certified copies				l Stage	
	application from the Internati	onal Bureau (PCT Ru	le 17.2(a)).			
* Se	e the attached detailed Office acti	on for a list of the cert	ified copies not	t received.		
Attachment(s	· ·					
1) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892)			Summary (PTO-413)		
2) Notice	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 o	PTO-948)	Paper No((s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PT	O 152)	
	tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 o lo(s)/Mail Date	1 F 1 O/08/08)	6) Other:		O-102)	

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Newly submitted claims 30-39 are directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: If initially presented with the steps, as recited in the instantly added independent claims 30 and 36, they would have been restricted from claim 22 as combination/subcombination, since the steps of methods recited in claims 30 and 36 are different from the steps of claim 22, and thus the subcombinations have the utility by themselves, as methods for surface modification, and the combination, as instantly presented does not require some particularities of the subcombinations for patentability.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claims 30-39 are withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

4. Claims 22, 24-26, 28, 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The recited in claim 22 "at separate point" is indefinite because the metes and bounds of such are not readily ascertainable. For examination purpose it is interpreted as a separate point of time. Claims 24-26, 28, 29 are rejected because of their dependency and failure to remove the ambiguity of parent claim.

5. Claims 22, 25, 26, 29 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Rose et al (U.S. 5,967,156), as per reasons of record.

Rose teaches treatment of semiconductor substrate by delivering an aerosol of frozen argon particles to the contamination on substrate's surface (physical cleaning), followed by the *separate step* of providing a flow of ozone and ultraviolet light in the vicinity of the substrate surface (chemical processing). The steps can be performed intermittently (Abstract). The aerosol can be delivered through the nozzle to produce the reaction region as wide as the substrate. The substrate can be rotated and translated linearly through the reaction region one or more times (col.5, lines 31-46, 62-64; col.13, lines 10-20, col.4, lines 17-20). Therefore, all the limitations of the instant claims are met by Rose.

6. Claim 24 stands rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rose in view of JP3-159237.

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With regard to claim 24, the skilled artisan would have found obvious to expose the substrate surface to IR light along with UV radiation in order to maintain appropriate surface temperature, while treating the substrate with ozone, thus enhancing the chemical processing, as motivated by JP'237, which indicates the benefits of simultaneous irradiation of substrates with UV and IR lights during cleaning.

7. Claim 28 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rose in view of Swain et al (U.S. 5,125,979).

Rose remains silent about the use of agglomerated frozen particles to clean the substrate surface. However, the use of frozen agglomerates for cleaning is known in the art. Thus, Swain teaches the use of frozen agglomerates in order to enhance cleaning of semiconductor substrates. Therefore, one skilled in the art motivated by teaching of Swain would have found obvious to agglomerate the frozen particles of argon and treat the semiconductor surface with such agglomerated particles in order to enhance physical cleaning in the teaching of Rose.

Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 06/20/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The crux of Applicants arguments appears to hinge on the CLAIMS of Rose patent, alleging that "specifically, the Rose et al. patent contains eight (8) independent claims. The independent claims contain a common feature, that is, a flow of fluid and a

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delivery of a second source occur simultaneously. Column 7, lines 49-62. In other words, the key concept of the Rose et al. patent lies in the requirement that both chemical and physical processes are simultaneously performed".

This is not found persuasive, because the reference is not limited to preferred embodiments or bits and pieces, but should be evaluated as a whole for what it reasonably. Disclosed examples and preferred embodiments do not constitute a teaching away from a broader disclosure or nonpreferred embodiments. In re Susi, 440 F.2d 442, 169 USPQ 423 (CCPA 1971). "A known or obvious composition does not become patentable. A reference may be relied upon for all that it would have reasonably suggested to one having ordinary skill the art, including nonpreferred embodiments.

Merck & Co. v. Biocraft Laboratories, 874 F.2d 804, 10 USPQ2d 1843 (Fed. Cir.), cert. denied, 493 U.S. 975 (1989). See also Celeritas Technologies Ltd. v. Rockwell International Corp., 150 F.3d 1354, 1361, 47 USPQ2d 1516, 1522-23 (Fed. Cir. 1998. To this end, Applicants attention is drawn to the abstract, col.5, lines 31-46, 62-64; col.13, lines 10-20, col.4, lines 17-20, wherein Rose expressly discloses two SEPARATE steps of irradiating and jetting, which can be intermittently performed.

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

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TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael Kornakov whose telephone number is (571) 272-1303. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00am - 5:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Barr can be reached on (571) 272-1414. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

M. CopyAlor

Michael Kornakov Primary Examiner Art Unit 1746

September 6, 2005

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